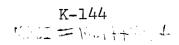
K-144 Woodland Hall Kennedyville Private

1740 - 1780

Woodland Hall was built by Col. Edward Wright between 1740 and 1780; in the middle of the next century his descendant, James Freeman Woodland, enlarged and modernized the building, adding a hipped roof and widow's walk to the two and one-half story brick building. Interior stair and mantles date from the mid-19th century. The grounds were landscaped in the picturesque style of that period.

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MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST



INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

TNAME				
1 NAME				
HISTORIC				
AND/OR COMMON				
Woodland H	Hall			
2 LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER				
Locust Gro	ove Shellorosa la	Garf Roas		<u> </u>
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DIST	RICT
<u>Kennedyvi</u>	lle 👱	VICINITY OF	First	
state Maryland		Kent		
3 CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	SENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	RARK
STRUCTURE	_вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	
OBJECT	_IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTEDYES: UNRESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL	SCIENTIFICTRANSPORTATION
	BEING CONSIDERED	NO	MILITARY	_OTHER:
Mrs. Will: STREET & NUMBER Woodant CITY. TOWN	HALL		Telephone #:(30	zip code
	KENNEDY VILLE, VICINITY OF		MARYL	and
5 LOCATION	I OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION	Liber #: EHP	5
COURTHOUSE.			Folio #: /27	
REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ETC Kent County Cou	rthouse	<u> </u>	
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Chestertown			Maryland 21620	<u> </u>
6 REPRESEN	ITATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS	}	
TITLE				
DATE		FEDERAL	STATECOUNTYLOCA	NL
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS				
CITY, TOWN		STATE		

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

X_FAIR

__DETERIORATED

__UNEXPOSED

_UNALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

MOVED DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Woodland Hall is a seventeenth century country house which was enlarged and remodeled by a descendent of the builder in the middle of the 19th century. The house stands north of the village of Locust Grove, facing south.

Originally the house was a two and one-half story brick dwelling, two rooms deep with a side hall plan. It was three bays wide and had a lower, three bay brick wing which was contemporary with the main structure. There was also a one and one-half story log (or more probably plank) kitchen wing behind and perpendicular to the brick wing. This structure was constructed by Col. Edward Wright between 1720, when he came of age, and 1780 when he died. In 1859 his descendent, James Freeman Woodland, added a third story, landscaped the garden and redecorated the interior. The house retains its mid-19th century appearance today.

The early front facade can be detected by the Flemish bond brick with grapevined mortar joints which extends above the second floor windows. There is a two course Flemaish bond belt course between the first and second stories, but no water table. Six over six sash is used in each window; those on the first and second floors date from about 1959 when the present owner replaced longer windows, on the second floor, and French doors, on the first, installed by her great-great grandfather a century earlier. Rowlock arches top only first floor windows; basement windows, located in window bays have splayed flat arches. Windows on upper floors have louvered shutters; first floor windows have mid-19th century paneled shutters with three tiers of two flatish raised paneled with broad rails and stiles. Trim is painted white, shutters green.

The main entrance also dated from 1859. It has double doors with a single panel in each. Broad shallow moldings are used as backband on flat, wide trim and as edging of door panels. Transom lights and sidelights are of red glass. A wide, one story porch dating from the 19th century remodleing was removed in recent years and replaced with a brick stoop.

The roof cornice and captains walk are the house's chief ornaments. The roof itself is hipped, but very flat. The box cornice has a plain frieze and large crown mold and fillet which form the gutter. Bracketts with pendent drops are used on cornice of the main house and the wing. The captain's walk has a balustrade made of crossed "sticks" Posts are square and formerly had finials. Scuppers at the top of gutter down spouts are decorated with eagles.

The wing has a flat roof edged with cornice and bracketts identical to those of the main house. To the original three brick bays a fourth frame bay has been added. It replaces a lattice porch with bathing room and cistern on second and third floors. Windows have 6/6 sash, narrow undecorated frames and green louvered shutters on upper floors. An entrance door has early trim; a coverage backband molding decorated, a pegged frame which holds an old door

PERIOD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW						
PREHISTORIC	_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION		
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	_LAW	SCIENCE		
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE		
1600-1699	XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN		
X.1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER		
X1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	_TRANSPORTATION		
_1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	XOTHER (SPECIFY)		
		INVENTION		Local History		
SPECIFIC DATES Late 18th century, 1856 Col EDward Wright Remodeled by: James Freeman						
	Late 18th centu	ary, 1856	Remodeled by	: James Freeman		
STATEMENT (OF SIGNIFICANCE		Woodland			

Woodland Hall was built, modernised in the Victorian age and passed on to nine generations of the same family. The original house was probably constructed by Co. Edward Wright between 1740 and 1780 and enlarged and altered by his descendend, James Freeman Woodland, the great-great grandfather of the present owner. Besides showing architectural styles and development of two centuries, it contains family belonging sacquired over many years. In its present condition the house is a good example of Italianate design, an interesting adaptation of an earlier building. Interior mantles and stair are remarkable and, especially the mantles, very unusual in this area; the main room despite removal of the French doors, is one of the best Victorian interior in the county. Also important is the landscaping. Although some of the plantings have been lost, the union of house and landscape so desired by mid-19th century designers is apparent.

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9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECE	SSARY		
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA			
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY			
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION			
VERBAL SOCIEDARI DECOMINATOR			
LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIE	S OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES		
STATE	COUNTY		
STATE	COUNTY		
11 FORM PREPARED BY			
NAME / TITLE			
Marsha L. Fritz, Consultant			
ORGANIZATION	DATE		
Kent County Historical Society	August, 1977		
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE		
Church Alley	STATE		
CITY OR TOWN	Maryland 21620		
Chestertown	rial y Land 21020		

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

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The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438

7 Continued

with six raised and beveled panels. The windows on the first floor have 9/9 sash and frames edged with quarterround backband molding. The three panel shutters which resemble those on the main house, date from the middle 1800's. A one story screened porch extends the entire width of the wing. It has square chamfered posts and a balustrade of crossed sticks. The frame bay is covered with medium width weatherboarding.

Centrally placed windows in the gable wall light the stair hall; 6/6 sash is used on each of the three floors. In the rear of the house 6/6 sash windows with sidelights are used in the stair hall. The log wing was also modified in recent years; originally one and one-half stories, it has been raised to two, covered with a shallow gable roof and shingled. There is a sun room along the west side. Inside, the old kitchen fireplace has been rebuilt and two first floor rooms joined into one.

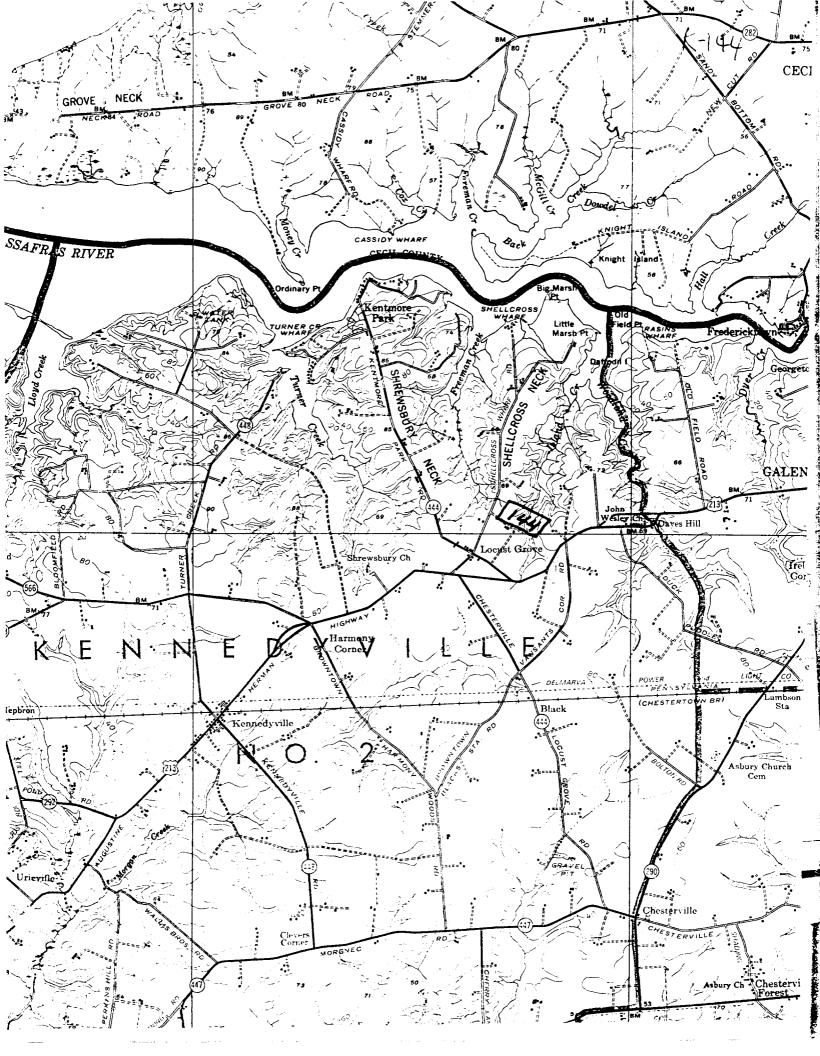
Early interior detailing co-exists with Victorian and modern additions. In the present dining room (first floor, wing) is a mantle of c. 1850 and a cabinet with paneled doors. Trim has a cove backband molding.

The two first floor rooms of the main house have been joined to form one enormous room with two elaborate and rare Victorian mantles. One is marble and the other cast iron with two antebellum scenes painted on mirrors beside the round opening.

The early stair was also replaced with a mid-19th century oaken stair. The newel octagonal in shape and carved with a stylized floral design, balustrades are turned, and the entire stair, open to the third, has wave step bracketts. Early raised-panel jambs remain on stair hall entrances; doors have six raised and beveled panels.

Woodland Hall is set among picturesque gardens with curving driveways and assymetrical groups of trees and shrubs. It was laid out in the mid-19th century by James Freeman Woodland, with a circular driveway and allee lined with 80 maples. Many of the plantings remain.

A tenant house on the property was once a slave house. Old barns and stables with board and batten exterior sheathing survive behind the house.





WOODLAND HALL

SHELLCROSS RD.

LOCUST GROVE, MD.

FRONT FROM SOUTH

C. ENGSTROM AUG. 1977



WOODLAND HALL MHT-K144

SHELLCROSS RD

LOCUST GROVE, MD.

STAIRWAY

C. ENGSTROM AUG 1977